After 48 months the bull's initial weight of 40 has been multiplied by 105% = 1.05 forty-eight times and has become $40 \times (1.05)^{48}$. The base 10 logarithm of this is 

$$\log 40 + 48 \log(1.05) = 1.60206 + 48(0.021189) = 1.6021 + 1.0171 = 2.6192$$

(On a typical calculator, "log" implies base 10.)

Now that you have found the $\log$ of the 4-year-old bull's weight, you need to take the inverse of that amount to undo it and get the actual value. That is, you need the so-called $\text{antilog}$ of 2.6192. This is done on many calculators by using the key labeled $10^X$ or $x^y$. On mine, the input shows up with a caret (^) and in this case we want $10^{^\wedge}(2.6192)$ which comes out as 416 to the nearest integer.

Another question: How many days before the bull's 4$^{\text{th}}$ birthday did the bull reach 400 kg?