The purpose of this lab is to gain experience with simple Java graphics objects presented in the context of an applet and displayed in a browser window. The completed lab must be submitted via Blackboard NLT (no later than) one week from the start time of your regular lab session. If you have questions, use the Blackboard discussion forums (and instructor/GTA/UTA office hours) to obtain assistance.

Background:

A histogram is a statistical diagram consisting of rectangles that represent the frequency of variables of interest. A special type of histogram is called a Pareto chart. The Pareto chart is based on the theories and methods of the Italian economist Vilfredo Pareto (1848-1923). When faced with a range of issues, it is often difficult to know which to work on first. To resolve this dilemma, the most useful thing to do is to apply Pareto's 80-20 rule. This rule essentially says - "eighty percent of your troubles will come from 20 percent of your problems". In other words, problems will rarely have equal impact, so it is best to first concentrate on the most important. Thus a Pareto chart is essentially a histogram that orders the frequencies of the variables of interest in order to illuminate a strategy for process improvement.

Lab Requirements:

- The source code for this lab must be submitted in a file named Pareto.java
- The html code for this lab must be submitted in a file named **Pareto.html**
- The source code file must contain a **class header** formatted as follows:

/** source_file_name.java Student Name: Josephine Student Assignment: Lab #1 Lab Section: xxx Submission Date: 09/09/9999 Honor Code Statement: I received no assistance on this assignment that violates the guidelines as set forth by the instructor and the class syllabus. References: (This should be a list of web sites, texts, and any other resources used as references for the assignment) Comments: (This should be a note to the grader as to any problems or uncompleted aspects of the assignment)

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• The source code file should use **self-documenting code** and additional comments (as required) to improve code readability.

Lab Procedure:

- Use the examples in the text from Chapter 2 as a starting model for this exercise. Use the API documentation for the Graphics, Font and Color classes to provide additional insight into the graphics capabilities of the Graphics object in order to successfully implement the lab spec.
- Create a Java class that extends from (and therefore becomes an object of) the Applet class from the standard Java API.
- Create a Pareto Chart that represents the following data scenario:

You are performing a failure analysis on the C4 process used in the fabrication of a radiationhardened CMOS device at an R&D facility. The C4 process involves the fabrication of contact points between a CMOS device and the package in which it will be deployed into a system. Upon examining 1000 CMOS devices, 250 were found to fail final testing due to one of 5 problems. The frequency for each failure code is as follows:

CF5	135
800	60
01A	30
235	15
AAF	10

The Pareto chart provides rectangular bars that represent the ordered raw data, and a data line that represents the cumulative percentage as you descend down the ordered raw data

• The example applet output is provided in Figure 1. Examine this output carefully. Your application should reproduce this output <u>exactly</u>.

Notes:

- The examples in the text provide a basis for the requisite implementation of this lab.
- Some specific implementation techniques may or may not exist in the standard API. You are expected to examine the API and identify those techniques that do exist and use them. For those aspects of the implementation that aren't readily implementable using available techniques, you are expected to devise creative work-around techniques to achieve the desired presentation detail.
- Presentation details to consider:
 - Differences in line thicknesses
 - Differences in font sizes
 - Differences in text orientation
 - Specific colors used
 - Specific font used for text
 - Exact positioning of labels



Figure 1 – Example applet displayed in a browser window

Grading Rubric: This assignment is worth 10 points and will be graded based on the following rubric:

Area	Exemplary	Competent	Developing	Points
Class Header	All header components are	All header components are	Header is missing or only	
	present, with references and	present, but references and	partially present, and	_ / 2
	comments that accurately	comments are incomplete or	references and comments are	
	support the state of the file.	nonspecific.	vague or unmeaningful.	
Coding Style	Code implementation utilizes	Code implementation exhibits	Significant alignment and	
	appropriate white space, self-	minor alignment or spacing	spacing problems, comments	/ 2
	documentation techniques	problems, some comments are	are generally missing or	
	and non-obvious comments.	missing or redundant.	sporadic.	
Functionality	The source and html files	The source and html files	The applet will not properly	
/ Creativity	function to properly present	function to present applet in the	load into the browser and/or	/3
	applet in the browser and	browser but there are	there are errors generated	
	techniques were implemented	deficiencies due to using only	during compilation or	
	to emulate expected output.	techniques provided in the	runtime.	
		examples from the text.		
Presentation	Applet visual output exactly	All of the presentation features	Presentation features are	
	matches the provided	are present, but there are minor	missing or exhibit significant	_/3
	example.	problems with fonts, colors,	problems with fonts, colors,	
		placement or alignment.	placement or alignment.	