Software Testing and Maintenance Introduction

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Thanks to Joyce

"Traditional" Quality Attributes (1980s)

- 1. Efficiency of process (time-to-market)
- 2. Efficiency of execution (performance)

This is what we teach is important to computer science undergraduates ...

It was true ... in 1980

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Modern Quality Attributes

- 1. Reliability
- 2. Usability
- 3. Security
- 4. Availability
- 5. Scalability
- 6. Maintainability
- 7. Performance & Time to market

All of these factors (sometimes called "-ilities" are important in the 2000s

Based on an informal survey of around a dozen web software development managers, 2000.

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Software Projects in the 1960s

- In the 1960s we built tiny log cabins ...
- Single-programmer
- Not much complexity
- No process needed
- Design could be kept in short term memory



Software Projects in the 1970s

- In the 1970s we built bigger *houses*...
- Still single-programmer focus on algorithms and programming
- A little more complex
- We had to start thinking harder
- The lack of process led to some disasters
- For most of the industry, quality did not affect the bottom line
- But costs were starting to increase ...



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Software Projects in the 1980s

- In the 1980s we built office buildings ...
- We needed teamwork and communication
- A lot more complex data abstraction
- We needed to write down requirements and design
- Poor process and ignorance of need for process created spectacular failures
- We no longer had the skills and knowledge for successful engineering



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Software Projects in the 1990s

- In the 1990s we built skyscrapers ...
- We needed more than teamwork and communication
- We needed totally new technologies languages, modeling techniques, processes
- Software development changed completely
- New languages (Java, UML, etc) led to revolutionary procedures
- Education fell behind ...



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Software Projects in the 2000s

- In the 2000s we build integrated collections of continuously *evolving cities*...
- Algorithm design and programming is no longer the primary focus of software development
- CS education fell so far behind it is almost obsolete
- New applications (web, embedded) is making quality crucial
- Developers learn more from training courses than they did in college
- Very little new development



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Pace of Change is Exhilarating

- We have gone from ...
 - Log cabins ... to houses ... to office buildings ... to skyscrapers ... to building the most complicated engineering systems in human history
- In just half a life-time !!
- · Civil engineers took thousands of years for this kind of change
 - And the most complicated civil engineering products pale in comparison the complexity of a modern IT system
- Electrical engineers took a couple of centuries

No way we could keep up!

Theory, Practice and Education

• What have you learned in college?

How to build houses

 General software engineering courses (SWE / CS 421) introduce a few concepts about buildings

The way we build software has changed dramatically since the CS curriculum stabilized in 1980!!!!

- Very little new development is being done
- Maintenance ... evolution ... re-engineering ... maintainability ... being "agile"

What Can You Do?

- As a developer ...
 - Program very neatly
 - Design to make change easy
 - Follow processes that make change easy
- As a professional ...
 - Listen to your colleagues when they teach you things you didn't learn in college
 - Take training classes eagerly (in the next 20 years, you will spend more time in training than you spent in college CS courses)
 - Further your education (MS degree)

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Goals of This Class

- 1. Reliability / Testing
- 2. Usability
- 3. Security
- 4. Availability

First third

- 5. Scalability
- 6. Maintainability
- 7. Performance & Time to market

Last two thirds

Current Reality

- Most software development is currently some form maintenance
- Maintenance is no longer the boring task it was in the 1980s
- "We have as many testers as we have developers. And developers spend half their time testing. We're more of a testing organization than we're a software organization."
 - Bill Gates of Microsoft

This class teaches modern methods for the two dominant portions of software development